

Helsinki, 14 June 2024



2024



GENERAL ASSEMBLY

Organisation of European Cancer Institutes - EEIG



POINT 7

Oncology Days 2025
and for the coming years

Giovanni Apolone and Olga Balaoura





**OECI ONCOLOGY DAYS
IN ATHENS
June 2025**

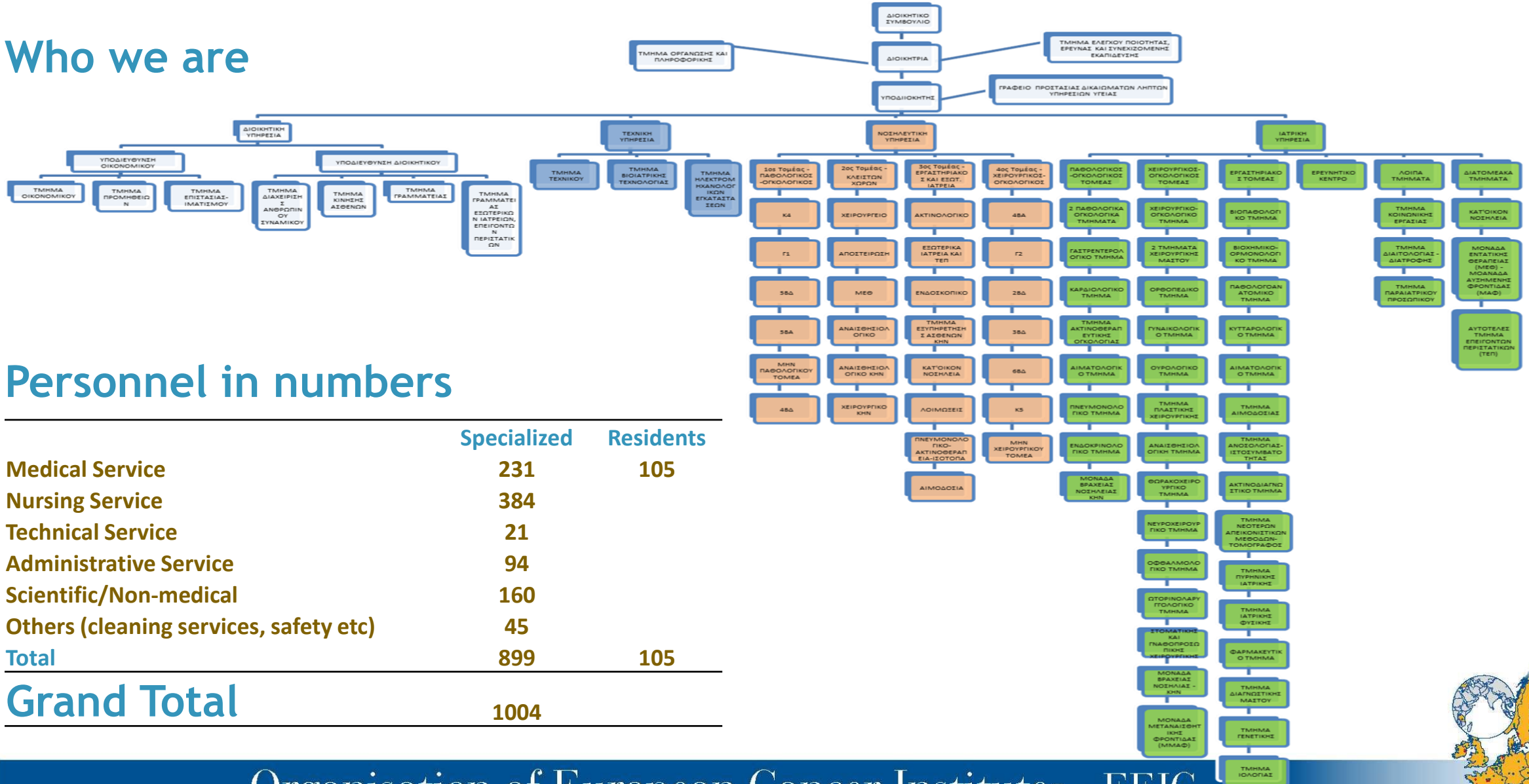
**Olga Balaoura
President of the Board/CEO General Anticancer
Oncology Hospital of Athens “The Saint Savvas”**

The Background

- The General Anticancer Oncology Hospital of Athens “The Saint Savvas” was founded in 1935 and it was the first Institution in Greece devoted exclusively to the cancer treatment.
- Is managed by the National Health System of Greece, and it is a public entity supervised and funded by the Greek Ministry of Health.
- Saint Savvas hospital has owned since 1970 the Center of Oncology Research “George Papanikolaou” dedicated to cancer immunology and immunotherapy research with biobanking and translational cancer research sections.



Who we are

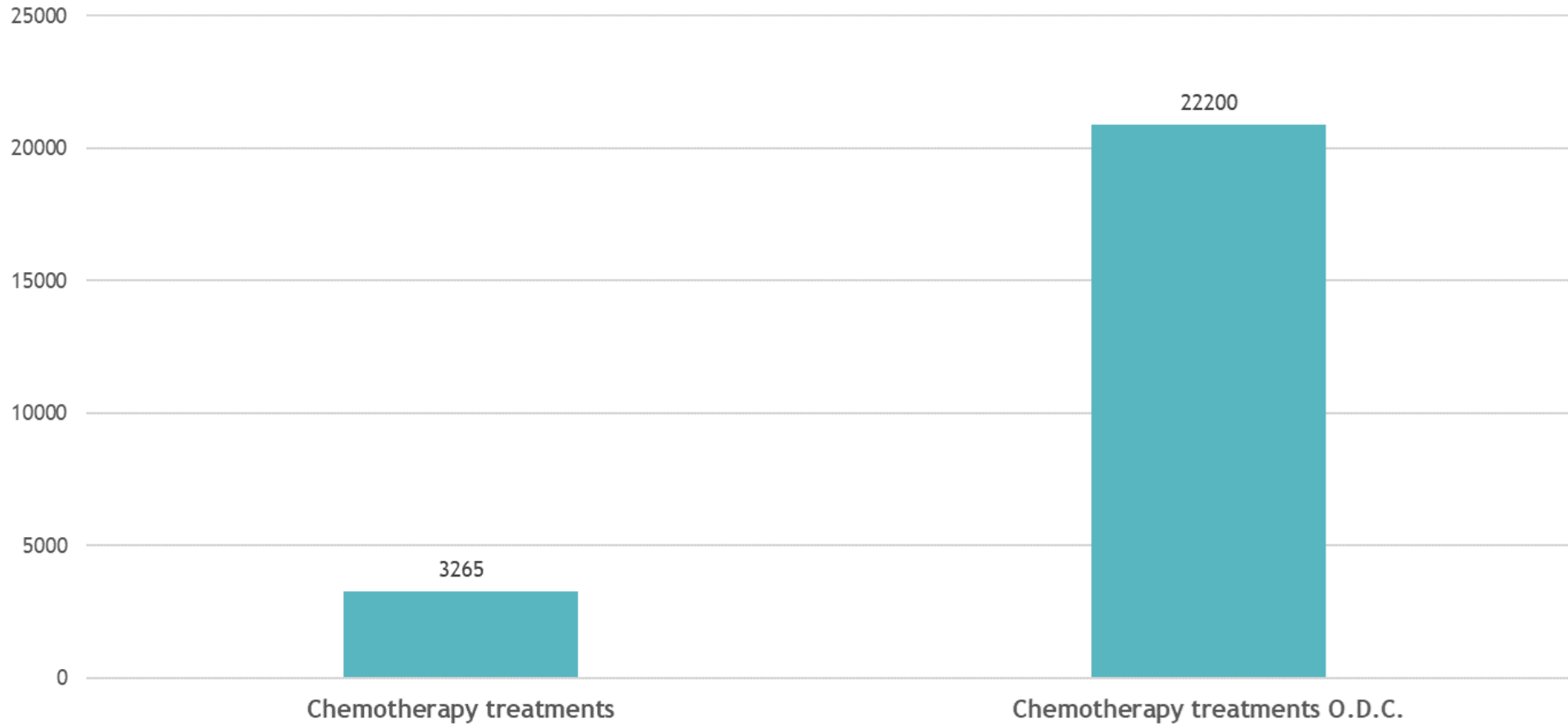


Personnel in numbers

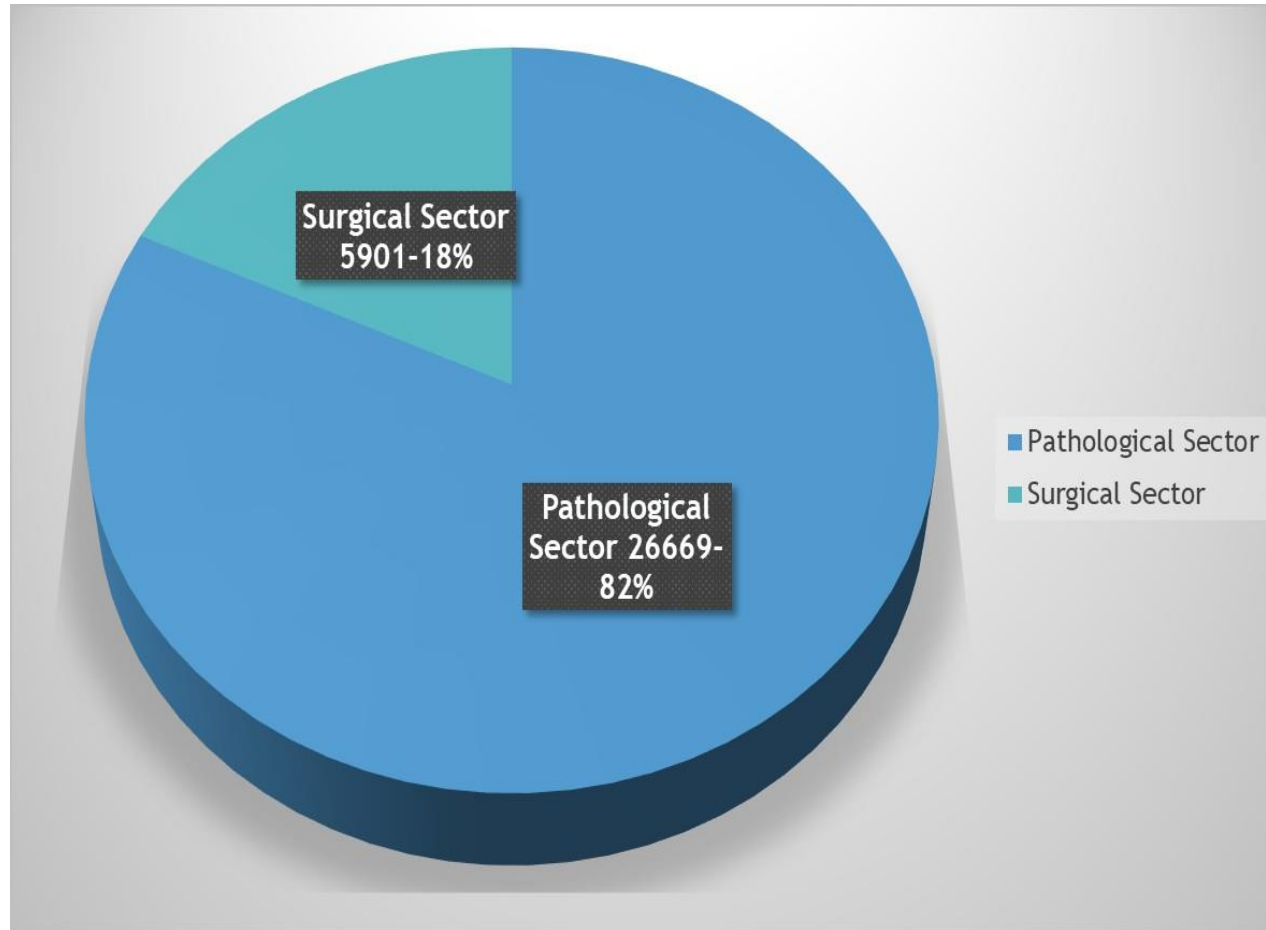
	Specialized	Residents
Medical Service	231	105
Nursing Service	384	
Technical Service	21	
Administrative Service	94	
Scientific/Non-medical	160	
Others (cleaning services, safety etc)	45	
Total	899	105
Grand Total	1004	



Chemotherapy and Immunotherapy treatments (2023)



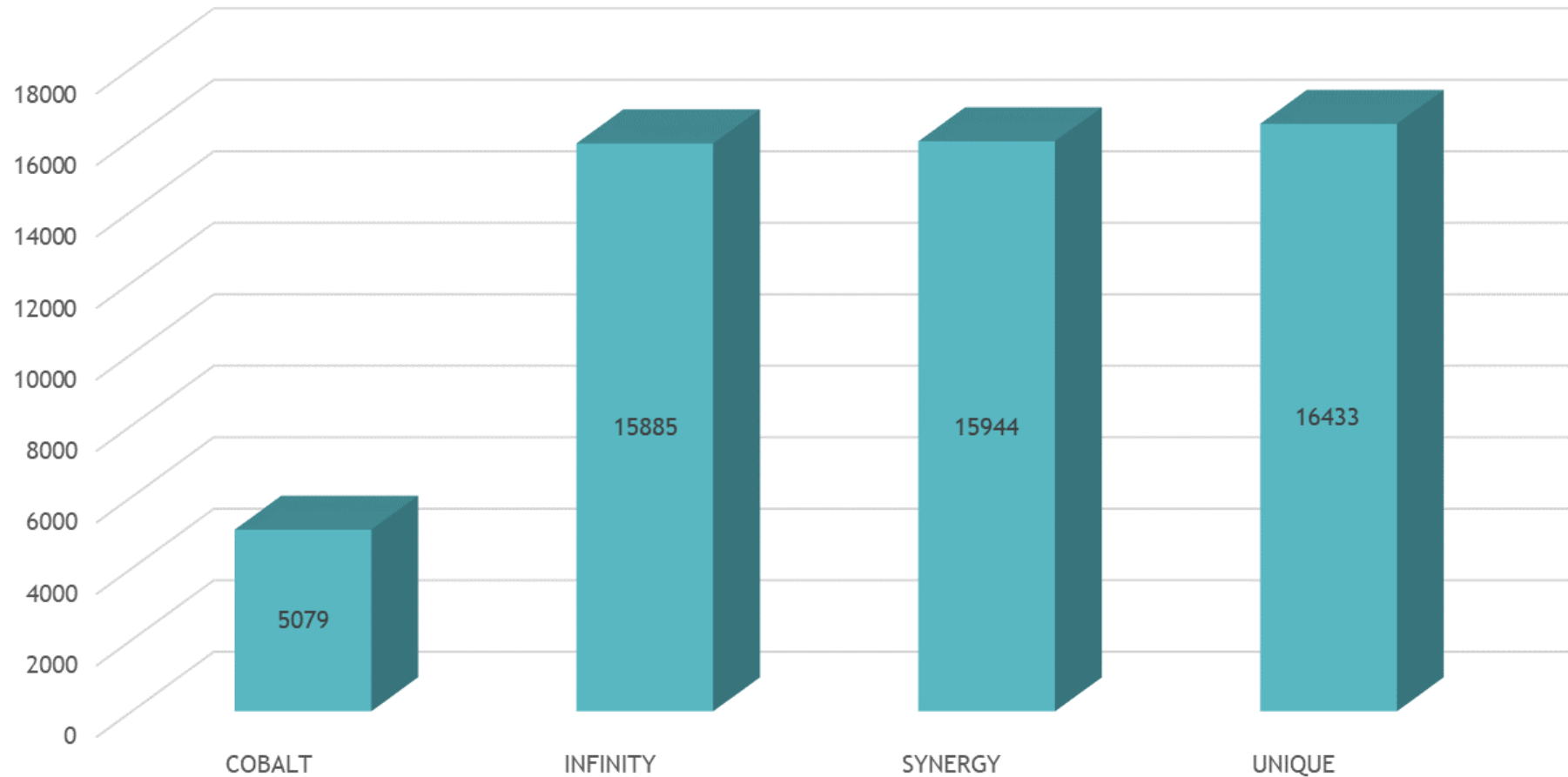
Hospitalizations per sector (2023)



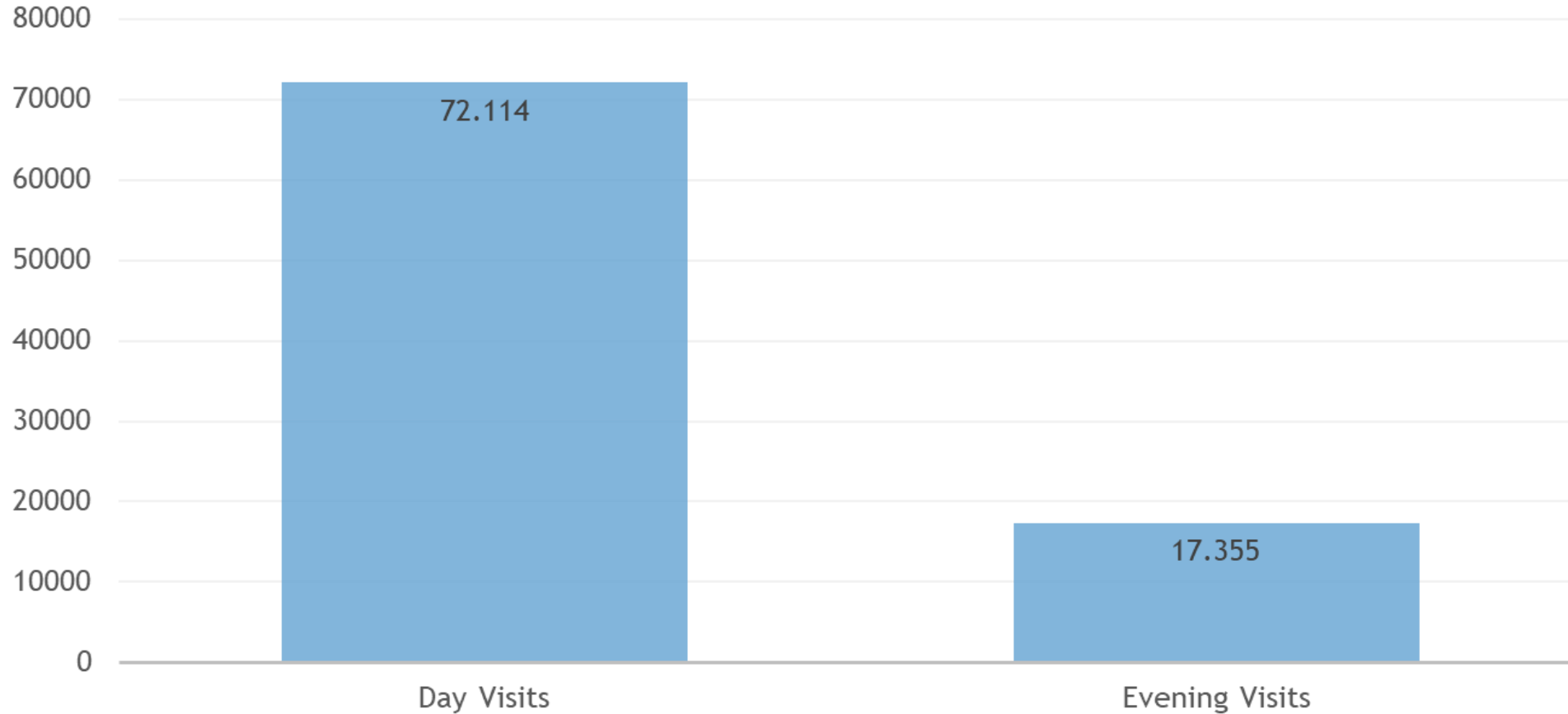
In 2023, 26.669 patients received treatment in the pathological sector while in the surgical sector they received treatment 5.901 patients.



Radiotherapies (2023)



Outpatient visits



ATHENS – THE CAPITAL OF GREECE

- Athens has been the capital of Greece since 1834 and the country's largest and most popular city.
- The permanent population of Athens and the Municipality of Athens amounts to 637,798 inhabitants, and the permanent population of the Athens Urban Complex amounts to 3,059,764 inhabitants.
- It was named after the goddess Athena. It is located in Attica, in eastern Central Greece, and is one of the oldest cities in the world, with its recorded history reaching up to 3200 BC.



ANCIENT ATHENS

- Ancient Athens, originally a settlement on the Acropolis, developed in the 6th century BC. in a powerful city-state, which developed alongside its port, which was initially Faliro and later Piraeus.
- Until the 6th century, it was the most important center of arts, knowledge and philosophy, seat of Plato's Academy and Aristotle's Lyceum.
- It is widely referred to as the birthplace of democracy. Ancient Athens, like Greece in general at that time, is often described as the "cradle of Western civilization".



MODERN ATHENS

Modern Athens is the center of the economic, industrial, political and cultural life of Greece.



ATHENS ATTRACTIONS

- More recent attractions, dating from the establishment of Athens as the capital of Greece include the Parliament (19th century), the Trilogy, a set of three buildings: the National Library, the University and the Academy, and many more buildings.
- Athens hosted the first modern Olympic Games in 1896 and 108 years later hosted the 2004 Summer Olympics. Athens is home to the National Archaeological Museum, which has the world's largest collection of ancient Greek antiquities, as well as the new Acropolis Museum.



ATHENS CLIMATE

- Athens is the warmest city in continental Europe and according to the National Meteorological Service the Athens Basin is also the warmest region in the country with an average annual temperature of 19.8°C.
- The main characteristic of the Athenian climate is the alternation of long hot and dry summers and mild, wet winters.
- July and August are the driest months. Winters are mild and rainy, with an average January temperature of 8.9°C.



5 SIMPLE WAYS TO GET AROUND IN ATHENS

The options for getting around in Athens include the metro/train, bus/trolley, tram, taxi, and of course, walking.

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1 METRO/TRAIN
With only 3 lines passing by all major sights, the metro is the most convenient and fast way to get around the city.
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2 BUS/TROLLEY
Affordable but sometimes time-consuming. The "smart" stops show you the exact time the bus will arrive.
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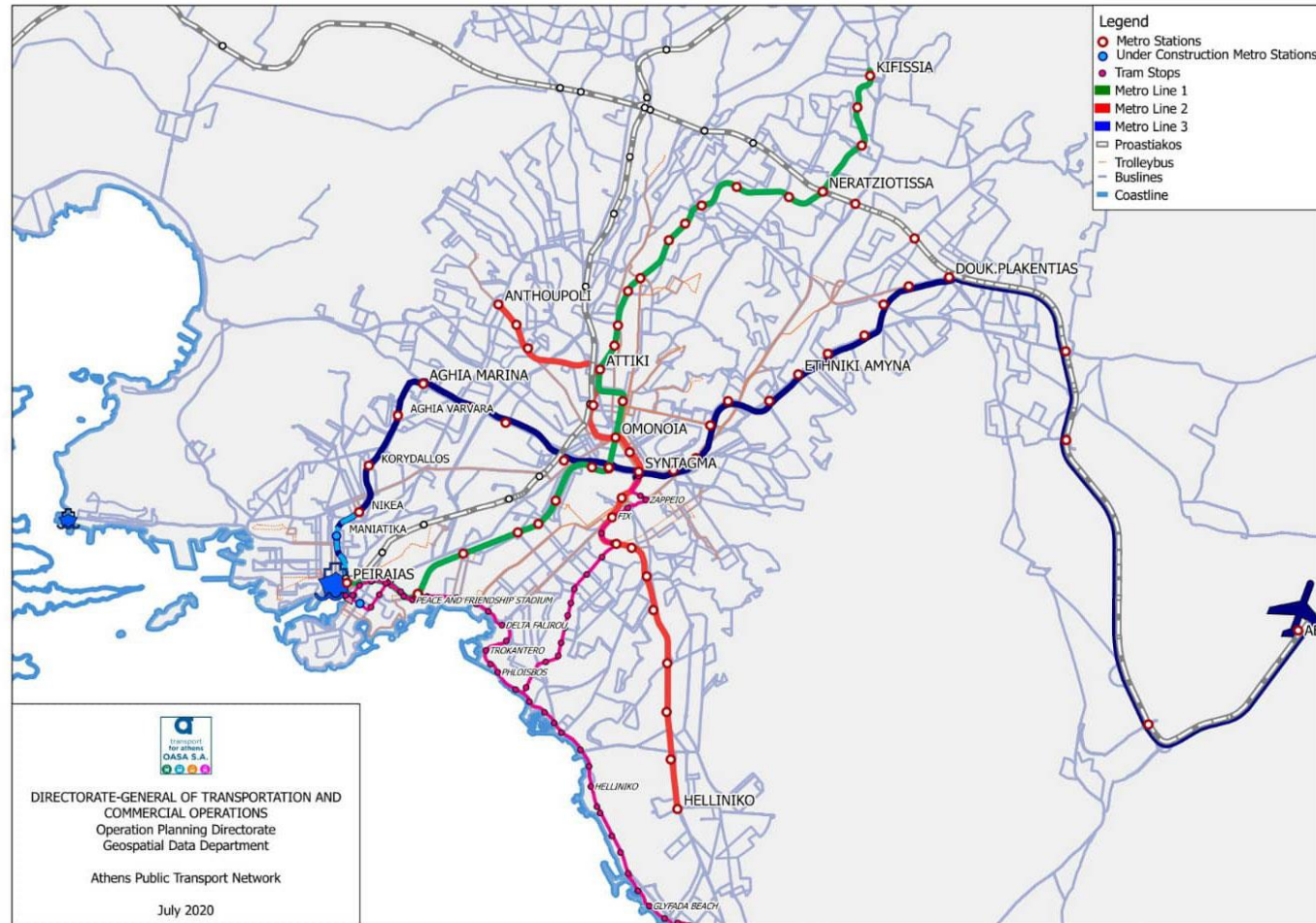
3 TRAM
Environmentally friendly but relatively slow compared to the other means of transport, the tram connects Syntagma Square with the beach areas along the Athenian coast.
- 4 TAXI**
Taking a taxi is significantly more expensive than public transit but it can take you to place where the other means can't.


- 5 WALKING**
Traveling on foot is a great way to get a vibe of the city and take in the sights, especially since many of the main attractions are located in central Athens.



HAVE FUN IN GREECE!

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**WELCOME TO THE
OECI ONCOLOGY DAYS
IN ATHENS
June 2025**

